The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.--Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1887. No. 35

Why Freeze to Death When You Can Buy

HEAVY WINTER OVERCOATS,

Capes, Gloves, Mitts, Mufflers, &c.,

SO VERY CHEAP FOR CASH, AT

A. GILMORE'S, - - - Johnson Street.

A New Line of the Latest Style HARD HATS, just received, in Black and Brown.

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Established 1858. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day. T. J. BURNES.

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FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr., Lessee.

Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate. sep8

ORIENTAL HOTEL.

WM. MORSON & SON, Prop's.

American plan. Is the most desirable first-class hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

THE OCCIDENTAL.

JOSEPH BAYLEY, Propr.

The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Funca steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Tables well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fire-proof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates—$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms. nov15 ly

THE GORDON HOTEL.

ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.

Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling the "whiskey," but good Cigars. He cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

Board and Lodging per week ..... $5.50 and $6.
Board, per week $4.50
Beds, per night 50cts
Tea, per night 25cts

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria. nov16

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

THE RICHARD HOTEL,

MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's.

Corner Carrall and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE,

JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.

Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample rooms for travellers. The wine room is in charge of Mr. S. BLENK, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Commodiously situated, within view distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN RANKIN, Proprietor. jan12 3m

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

KAMLOOPS, B. C.

Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains. J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor. sept15 tf

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE,

WINNIPEG, MAN.

Most centrally situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. sept22 3m

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT,

F. DAVIS, Proprietor.

Yates street, bet. Government and Broad streets. Open day and night. First-class in every respect. Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 15 cents upwards. sept24

EDUCATIONAL.

CORRIG SCHOOL,

A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL

For young gentlemen. Will re-open on Monday, January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Teachers. Four vacancies for Boarders. dec23 3m

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

R. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.

Private tuition for candidates competing for examinations. Rare chance, next above Branch. jan1

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Brothers are invited to join. WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary. sep 15 ly

AN ENTERTAINMENT is given at THE Members Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. R. GRAY, President.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An established Boot and Shoe business, with a crying trade, centrally situated, within view distance of the Post Office. A good investment for a good man with CASH. Address, to proprietors, "HOTEL," Times office.

Condensed Advertisements

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $5 per month. Each additional line, ten words, $2 extra per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Immediately, by a lady, furnished rooms, bedroom and sitting room in a central part of the city. Address C. L., Times office. feb17 tf

EVERY MAN HIS OWN LANDLORD.—I will buy you a Lot and build you a House, large or small, and accept monthly payments at about the same rate as you now pay for rent. Apply to GEO. HOUSTON, Reed Bros., Estate Agents, City. feb14 tf

WANTED.—A Nursemaid. Apply to Mrs. D. R. Harris, James Bay. feb17

IF YOU WANT Domestics, Farm hands, Labourers, Mechanics, Cooks, Waiters, etc., or any kind of labour done, call at the B. C. E. Bureau, PICKERING & Co., Fort St. Telephone 21. oct 28

TO RENT.

TO RENT.—Two Front Rooms, furnished, Bedroom and Sitting Room, in the pleasantest part of the city; also use of kitchen if required. Address "Apartment C.," Times office. Feb 16 tf

FOR RENT.—Suite of rooms, or single rooms, to be furnished or unfurnished, on Fort Street 2 minutes walk from the Post Office.—Address M C, TIMES office. feb11-2w

FOR RENT.—Two front rooms on the sunny side of the Street over the late Queens hotel, Yates Street, suitable for office or dental rooms. Apply to A. Gray & Son, Yates street. feb11

FOR RENT.—A four-roomed House, 20 minutes' walk from Post Office, with Outbuildings complete; will rent furnished or unfurnished. Apply to A. Oldershaw, Craigflower Road, Victoria West. feb14 2w

FOR RENT.—One or two Rooms to let at Dennis', over Victoria House; splendid lighting, entrance to rooms in sigh, at head of stairs. Also Room on ground floor, 32x18, in rear of the Victoria House, entrance Broad street; suitable for people or work room. Apply to jan24 tf WM. DENNY.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Two teams TRUCK HORSES, weight 1200 and 1400; also four good double Harness; all under seven years old. Apply to JOHN CAMERON, Victoria. feb10 2w

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 100 acres in South Saanich, 15 acres of which are under cultivation; buildings ordinary. The Saanich road runs through it. Is ten miles from the city. Also, a team of Draught Horses, Harness and Wagon; a Boat, with sails and rigging complete. All at a great bargain. Apply to J. R. McKenzie, Esquimalt Road, or Victoria P. O. feb8

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—A farm of about 160 acres in Sooke. For further information Apply to D. McMillan, New Westminster, or to J. D. Cambell, Esquimalt. Feb7-1mo

FOR SALE.—Fine Bay Mare, 5 years old, 15 hands high, quiet to ride and drive. Can be seen at the residence of Capt. Pamplin, David street, Rock Bay. feb11 1m

LOST.

LOST.—Last (Tuesday) night, a Lady's Shawl, red, white and black in color. The finder will please leave at Vancouver House, Yates st., when a suitable reward will be given. feb16

MUSICAL.

HERR HEINRICH BOHRER,

PROFESSOR OF PIANO,

From Montreal, has arrived, and will remain, for a permanency in Victoria. For terms, etc., address Hotel Driard, where he may be seen daily. dec 22

THE CARIBOO RAILWAY.

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir,—One of the few laudable actions of the present local government was the sending of an experienced and clever engineer to examine into and report on the route of a railway from either Ashcroft or Kamloops into the Cariboo country. The future of the province of British Columbia depends to a large extent upon the development of its great mineral wealth, and it is well known that very large quantities of gold-bearing quartz exist, particularly in the Cariboo country. Many of these ledges have been known of for years, but the great cost of transport has prevented quartz mines from being opened. The public debt of the province is not large and is much more than covered by valuable assets—timber, land, coal, etc. To locate the proposed road would cost less than $100,000, which could well be afforded by the province. If this road is built, however, there should be no more give-away business to great monopolies, but the people should own what they would have paid for, which in time would prove to be a valuable property. QUARTZ.

SUPREME COURT.

[Before Sir M. B. Begbie, C. J.]

Horth against the C. P. R. and Smith and Angus.

This was a suit to compel the defendants to grant to the plaintiff lot 2, block 3, Granville, now known as Vancouver City. The Chief Justice, after hearing argument, decided against the demurrer—the C. P. R. Company and its trustees, Mr. Thos. Davie for plaintiff, and Mr. Drake, Q. C., for defendants.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Continued from 3rd page.

and Victoria virtually entirely unprotected; because the armament in British Columbia is not able to contend with anything more than an unarmoured cruiser, and a first class ironclad might come and knock Victoria into "smithereens" (laughter) and then knock the mainland in detail. Not only Victoria and Esquimalt, but our coal supply is at the mercy of an enemy. This moment, a gun boat, one of the obsolete class which was found of little use in Crimean war, might go to Nanaimo and successfully take possession of the coal mines there, or else destroy them. The terminus, which is at present at New Westminster, would be at the mercy of the enemy; because, although two twenty-four smoothbores might do a considerable amount of damage among a band of hostile Indians, they are not of sufficient calibre to warrant our defending the river against a hostile fleet armed with modern guns. Burrard Inlet would be in the same position, and we all know the Canadian Pacific Railway is of great strategical importance. Halifax and Quebec are strongly fortified because they are the eastern terminii of the Canadian Pacific Railway and could only be captured after a long seige, and that would give time to move to their rescue. But here, they can capture Victoria, Esquimalt, Nanaimo, New Westminster and places on Burrard Inlet with perfect ease. With respect to the drill shed, there is only one in Victoria and one in New Westminster, and they are totally inadequate to train a large body of men, in fact neither of them is worth anything for any purpose than squad drill. It would be very easy to train a force sufficiently large to protect the coast line of British Columbia from any attack that can possibly take place. Much force would be placed in an advantageous position, because any attacking force to come to our coast must be brought on ship-board, therefore a much smaller force would answer work where in every advance by land. The possibility of a rapture with our American cousins is not considered, for the day, he thought, would never come when the "stars and stripes" will be found on the opposite side of our flag, on the tented field, and God forbid it ever should. (Applause.) Looking then at the true position of affairs, we only need prepare for an attack on our seaboard, and he would suggest how the evil may be remedied. There is no difficulty whatever in enrolling a full battery in Vancouver, at Chilliwhack two companies, one at Maple Ridge, another company at Langley, one at Richmond, and at several other places. This organization could take place on the mainland and on the island, if the Dominion Government would undertake the necessary expense. There would be no difficulty in organizing a body of able men which would be ready at a moment's notice to spring to arms; and in view of some such organization, no more proper way can be found to communicate it to the Dominion Government, than by a resolution of this House. The honorable and gallant member for Kootenay has alluded to the horrors of war; but, although he had never witnessed them it requires no great stretch of imagination to picture the scene, and with respect to which if half our revenue was placed in order to avert, it would be well spent indeed. We can imagine our province at the mercy of an invading army. We can remember the time when *la belle* France lay writhing at the feet of a merciless foe, and that may be our position here. If we are caught napping, if we are found unprepared, a terrible result must follow. We want to be ready to take up arms without involving a useless sacrifice of life. The opportunity is at hand to avert a terrible calamity. The time of peace is the time to organize, so that if war breaks out, we will be found in a position, not of defiance, but of defence. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Thompson said the country was quite as unprepared now as it was several years ago when the province was alarmed at the imminency of war. The only protection we had was the men-of-war, which were liable to move to other points in the time of trouble. The necessity for the defence of Nanaimo and Departure Bay was pointed out, as well as the imperative importance of increasing the government grant for militia purposes.

Hon. J. Robson said he felt quite confident that every hamlet in the province would contribute its quota of men. A militia force was required for the maintenance of peace within our own borders, and to keep the large Indian population in subjection. The motion had the full support of the government.

Mr. Semlin endorsed the sentiments expressed. In his district a volunteer corp had been formed, but for want of financial support had not been kept up. A valuable mounted corp might be formed in the interior, which would be a powerful auxiliary in the event of war. England supplemented her navy with a strong volunteer force, and the same policy should be pursued here.

The motion was carried.

THE RAILWAY BOND.

Mr. Orr moved for copies of communications addressed to the C. P. R. company and their sureties, concerning their bonds entered into in favor of the province. He pointed out that the information supplied in a former return was not full enough.

Hon. John Robson said there was no further information. Resolution withdrawn.

PREFERENTIAL CREDITORS.

The House went into committee on the act to abolish preferences amongst creditors in the administration of the estates of deceased persons, which was slightly amended and reported complete to the House.

WOMAN'S FRANCHISE.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved the second reading of the Voters' Act Amendment Bill, which proposes to give the franchise at Provincial elections to women. It was not intended, he said, to make women eligible as members. The smallness of the electorate was taken as a criterion of the country, and by increasing the member, say by 50 per cent, additional importance would attach to the province. For moral reasons, and on the educational question, it would redound to the benefit of the community were women enfranchised. The experiment which had been tried, by giving women the franchise at school elections, had been found to work most advantageously. The measure was not a government one, he intendsed it in his capacity as a private member.

Mr. Dunsmuir said he had voted for the bill before, but would vote against it now, having seen his mistake.

Mr. Allen thought there was other places than the polling booth for mothers of families.

Mr. Higgins said if women had the right to take upon themselves the franchise they had the right to do the other thing as well (laughter)—I mean that they have the right to take seats in this House. There was no better place than the polling booth for women, who would make elections pure. A gentleman had said to him the other day, "what is this bill the Provincial Secretary is bringing in," and when he told him, he had replied that woman's proper sphere was sewing on buttons and nursing babies. Now, he (Mr. Higgins) had other use than that for a woman (roars of laughter)—her sphere is a wider and higher one than that. The bill did not go far enough and he would move to record them the right to sit in that House.

Mr. Semlin said he had introduced a similar measure 12 or 14 years ago, when he was strenuously opposed by the Provincial Secretary. Although in favor of the principle of the bill, he could see no necessity for bringing the measure up now, as the House was fresh from the people, and there would be no other appeal for four years. He could not understand how any voter, or any Englishman, like the member for Lillooet—could say that the only sphere for a woman was raising babies. Her Majesty the Queen had nobly performed the duties of mother and Queen. Look at those who were school teachers, telegraph operators, clerks, etc., who performed their duties as well and faithfully as men. They were certainly as capable to perform the duty of citizenship as many of the foreigners who came to our shore, and a short time thereafter became electors.

Mr. McLeese had objected to the bill before, because he thought it would give an undue voting power to the lower portion of the province, to the disadvantage of the outlying districts. With the principle of the bill—to give the franchise to women—he was heartily in accord, and would give it his support. His only fear was that, as there were few women in the interior, comparatively, the lower sections would have an undue preponderance and in course of time would demand representation by population, which would be unfair to the other sections.

Mr. T. Davie was opposed to the act. Sudden changes of the kind should not be introduced without discussion by the people. In Washington Territory it was not found to work well for the reason that the better class of women shrank from taking part in elections, the undesirable class only going to the poll.

Mr. Bole, with the greatest respect for the Americans, thought they had gone crazy on this woman's suffrage question. The women most likely to come to the front at elections were not the most desirable class. Such a radical and sweeping change in our constitution, without having had an opportunity of consulting with our constituents, should not be made. The bill was wrong on its face. If they are eligible as voters, they are equally as eligible as members of the House and as jurors.

Mr. Turner said the bill had been sprung upon the House. The women of the province should have been heard from on the subject. In saying that he would vote against the bill he did not do so because he thought woman was inferior, but because they did not want it and did not consider it their sphere.

Mr. Prior had a pretty large circle of acquaintances among the women and had never heard one of them ask for the franchise. The polling booth was not the place for them, and he would therefore move the six months hoist.

Mr. Ladner did not know of any women taking advantage of the franchise in the rural municipal elections. Were such a law passed, the family would be divided against itself—one would be a Grit and one a Conservative. He seconded Mr. Prior's amendment.

Mr. Orr said nine out of ten of his lady acquaintances had told him that they did not want to go to the poll. As a bachelor he would not object to have petticoats on his right hand, and on his left, but as they did not want the privilege he would not force it upon them. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven said much might be said in favor of the proposition. The right had been conferred upon women to vote at municipal and trustee elections, and he thought experience proved that they could exercise the power with wisdom and judgment. He had voted for the bill before, and still believed in the principle, but when it was considered that the subject had not been mentioned at the late election, and there was no election for four years to come, he did not think it was advisable to pass it now. If the people really want it, there would have been some expression of opinion, but apparently the question had not reached that point that demanded legislation. The Legislature of Ontario was dissolved on the ground that the franchise had been largely extended in the House did not represent the electorate. The House of Commons had done the same, and if we are to follow those precedents, there would have to be a general election—for which he would certainly hold up both hands; but as the people had not asked for the extension of the franchise to women, and there was no reason to know the women wanted it, he was bound to vote against it, not because he believed the women were not qualified, but because there was no demand for such legislation.

The six months' hoist was carried on the following division:

Nays—Higgins, McLeese, Semlin, Robson, Stenhouse—5.

Yeas—Dunsmuir, Turner, Croft, Prior, Thompson, Vernon, Allan, T. Davie, John, Mason, Cowan, Anderson, Orr, Beaven, Ladner, A. E. B. Davie, Bole—17.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Robson laid before the House printed reports of conferences between the provincial government and Indian delegates from Port Simpson and Nanaimo.

ADJOURNMENT.

Hon. Attorney-General moved that the House on its rising stand adjourned till 2 p. m. Monday.

Messrs. Semlin and Beaven pointed out that the government were not ready to go on with the business, but the member for Lillooet did not rise and solemnly protest against the waste of time.

Mr. Speaker gave his ruling on the question raised by Mr. Baker. He had come to the conclusion that a committee could not consider clauses in a private bill referring to expenditure. They must be treated as blanks. The House had no power to deal with such a bill, and hence could not delegate a greater power than it possesses to a committee.

The House then adjourned until Monday next at 2 p. m.

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. Gilmore's, Johnson street.

THE POLITICAL COMBAT

Meeting in the Victoria Theatre Last Night.

Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare Deliver Addresses.

The meeting called by Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare for the purpose of giving an account of their stewardship on Wednesday evening was largely attended.

Dr. Helmcken was voted to the chair and in opening the meeting said he was glad to support Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare. His reasons for doing so were that they had done their duty in the House and he thought it better to send full fledged soldiers to fight our battles at Ottawa rather than raw recruits. Those who had lived in the province in the past knew that Messrs. Blake and Mackenzie had endeavored to burke the terms of union, and further the people of this province could not but be in favor of the policy of the government as against the penurious policy of the Grits. It had been said that the debt of the country was $62 per head. Well, that was not an enormous amount to pay for all the improvements that had been made in the country, and he thought that B.C. was perfectly willing to pay for it. It only meant a little less whiskey or tobacco and if the Grits were not willing to pay their share they might abstain from the use of both. (Laughter.) He closed by urging the electors to support Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare.

The other candidates were invited to take a seat on the platform; Messrs. Humphreys and Robertson responded amidst tremendous applause.

Mr. Shakespeare, who was received with applause, said he wished to refer to reports which had already been circulated during this campaign. Some person, in writing to THE TIMES, had said that he had voted against the factory act. If that person was in the audience he would like him to rise and prove his assertion; perhaps the editor of THE TIMES had written the letter to himself. It had also been stated that he voted against the resolution recommending Home Rule for Ireland. This was also untrue.

Capt. McCallum—It is on the journals of the House.

Mr. Shakespeare retorted that if Mr. McCallum wanted to talk he had better come on the platform. Mr. McCallum accepted the invitation amidst enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Shakespeare, continuing, tried to explain that he had voted against Mr. Blake's motion in favor of Home Rule because he thought a resolution emanating from the government would have greater weight, but he made a mess of it and left the impression on the audience that he had voted to burke the whole question. It had been said that he sent men to saloons to talk against a certain candidate. This he denied. It had also been charged against him that he had refused to become an honorary member of the St. Joseph's Society. To this he might say that he had been elected an honorary member of that society; had attended one of their meetings and was pleased to find a number of young men bonded together for the object of self-improvement. Four and a half years ago he had issued an address, and if he had failed to carry out the pledges then made he did not want the electors to return him at this election. He was a candidate in the interest of the Liberal Conservative party, because he believed it to be the party of progress and the true friend of the working man. Ever since the return to power of the Conservative party the Grits had made one continual howl against the government. He pointed to the C. P. R. and the projected line of steamers between England and Halifax and between Victoria and Hong-kong as the result of the government's policy. The Grits, he said, had no policy, except blackmail and abuse. Mr. Charlton had said that the government had given away the grazing lands of the Northwest, but he could not prove it. (Voice—Yes he could.) He endeavored to explain away the timber limit grab and said the negotiations governing timber limits were in the interest of the people. Only three M. P.'s had timber limits granted them in the Northwest and one of these was a Grit. He accused the Liberals of creating more debt during their term of office than the government had ever done. (Cries of time! time!) He said he was Conservative to the backbone and they might expect no trimming from Edgar Crow Baker. He did not think the result in the east would influence the election here, and that if the Conservatives should be defeated in the east they would receive still further support here. Regarding Home Rule, he had taken the same stand as Mr. Shakespeare, but for a little fellow whose wife weighed 200 pounds, he thought he had all the home rule he wanted. (Laughter.) If amendments were needed to the Chinese restriction act he would support them. The Island railway had been completed and might possibly be extended to Comox and Seymour Narrows. He advocated a steam ferry between Nanaimo and Vancouver. He believed the result of the government's action in investigating our deep sea fisheries would be of great benefit. He quoted statistics to show that the government had expended more money in this province than it had received from taxation. He had supported the government on the Civil Service act. He had been accused of trying to get the appointment of customs collector for himself, but he could assure the audience that he was making more money in his own business than Mr. Hanley's salary amounted to, and he was not going to throw away a good thing. He desired it understood that he had no such motive as had been attributed to him. He thanked the audience for their hearing, and concluded by saying that he would cheerfully accept their verdict whether favorable or unfavorable to him.

There were loud cries for McCallum and Fell. Both rose to come forward when Mr. Theodore Davie rose and moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, but his voice was lost in the uproar.

Order being partially restored, Mr. McCallum arose and quoting from the records of the House showed where Mr. Shakespeare had voted against the Home Rule resolutions.

Mr. Shakespeare arose and endeavored to explain, but was received with yells and hisses. Amidst wild disorder he endeavored to show that he had voted against Blake's motion in order to support the government's motion which he claimed would have greater weight.

Mr. Fell attempted to speak but was interrupted with loud cries for Humphreys mingled with cheers and hisses and cries of go it Fell. He was unable to secure a hearing and sat down. Mr. Lorimer turned down the stage lights and the meeting broke up in confusion.

Money and Politics.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—At 12.30 p. m. consols opened at 100 11-16 for money and 100⅜ for account.

An influential political meeting is to be held at Lancaster this evening.

The English in Egypt.

CAIRO, Feb. 17.—The withdrawal of the annual subvention to Egypt has not been formally decided. Sir Evelyn Baring, British diplomatic agent, has informed Count Desaray, the French agent, that Sir Henry Drummond Wolff's proposals imply neither the recalling of the British troops nor the fixing of the date for their withdrawal from Egypt.

A Remembrance.

TOPEKA, KAS, Feb. 17.—Boston Corbett, the slayer of John Wilkes Booth, was declared insane here to-day and sent to the insane asylum.

The Slugger.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—John L. Sullivan came to this city from Boston yesterday to have have his injured left arm examined by his physician, Dr. Sayre. He looked in first class condition and seemed in excellent spirits.

A Prolific Comet.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 17.—Dr. Lewis, one of the discoverers of Warner Observatory, this morning received a telegram from Prof. E. E. Barnard, of the Vanderbilt University Observatory at Nashville, Tenn., announcing the discovery last night of another comet. It was very faint, and moving rapidly in a northwest direction. Its position is in the right ascension 8 hours, 4 minutes and 10 seconds; declination south 16 degrees, 10 minutes. The discovering of this entities Prof. Barnard to another Warner prize of $100, making $1,300 in all taken by him.

The Queen's Jubilee.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17.—Twenty-five thousand prisoners, confined in jails throughout India, will be released in honor of the Queen's jubilee. The same payment will be made as in the case of the Queen's marriage. The same payment will be made as in the case of the Queen's marriage. The same payment will be made as in the case of the Queen's marriage

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY LEGAL AFTERNOON

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd.

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

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Delivered, same, per year for $10 00
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Subject to any rate of remission the Victoria Times may at times fix, subscribers outside the city will be charged for the paper by the week, payable to the collector promptly.

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One year, postage paid $2 00
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Subscription price strictly in advance.
When sending money, letters should be registered to secure safety.

THE TIMES P. & P. CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C.

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Advertisements, displayed in larger character or specified space will be charged the same as if occupying the full space.

Where one line is inserted two times it will be charged as two lines. Nonpareil measurement.

Advertising Rates for The Weekly Times:

THE WEEKLY TIMES offers the largest circulation in British Columbia, and is therefore an unrivaled advertising medium. Those who have tried the market will cheerfully endorse this statement. A limited number of advertisements will be inserted at the rates which can be ascertained on application at the office.

A special discount will be made to long term advertisers, on both daily and weekly editions.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Thursday, Feb. 17, 1887.

THE CONSERVATIVE MEETING

In order to make a point in favor of Conservative rule, Mr. SHAKESPEARE last night stated that Sir RICHARD CARTWRIGHT floated a loan at 91, while Sir LEONARD TILLEY obtained, during Sir JOHN'S administration, £1, 1.8½ for the bonds bearing the same rate of interest. This is one of those half truths, which a certain part has called "the blackest of lies." The loans were not of the same class at all, and as Mr. SHAKESPEARE must have known, the reason why the last loan was sold at so high a figure was due entirely to the fact that the bonds were guaranteed by the Imperial Government—a most extraordinary aid—which has seldom if ever before been granted in favor of a Canadian transaction in the money market. Sir RICHARD CARTWRIGHT'S loan was obtained upon bonds issued simply on the credit of Canada, in the usual manner, and it was conclusively proved by returns brought down to the House at the time, that it was one one of the most profitable and economical transactions of the kind which had ever been carried out on behalf of the Dominion.

Among other misstatements contained in Mr. SHAKESPEARE'S address, he said that in 1878 the interest on the national debt was $1.50 per head, and that in the year 1886 it only amounted to $1.59, or an increase of 9 cents per capita of the population, notwithstanding the fact that very large sums had been borrowed by the government during that period. We are surprised that Mr. SHAKESPEARE should have attempted to palm off such a palpable fraud upon the unsuspecting public, since it is such an easy matter to demonstrate the incorrectness of the statement. For the information of our readers we produce the actual figures, as follows:

In 1878—Population, 4,000,000; interest and charges of management on public debt, $7,238,000; per capita, $1.81.

In 1886—Population, 4,500,000; interest and charges of management on public debt, $7,512,000; per capita, $2.11.

In the Western States when a man is to be humiliated in any very pronounced manner, he is said in the parlance of the county to be compelled "to eat crow." This was in effect the position of the audience last night during Mr. BAKER'S address. From start to finish the life, times and remarkable characteristics of Mr. EDGAR CROW BAKER were the burden of his song. This may have been very interesting to the speaker, but for an audience of intelligent electors, assembled to hear public questions discussed, there was altogether "too much crow."

OUR NATIONAL DEBT.

It was evident to the audience at the Victoria Theatre last evening that Mr. NOAH SHAKESPEARE'S knowledge of "figgers" and our national debt was extremely dense. For NOAH'S edification we give the debt in the following abstract form, in order that he may be able to grasp it at a glance, and challenge that gentleman to prove its incorrectness. The table is compiled from parliamentary returns and the accounts of the Auditor-General. We fear NOAH'S reputation as a "truthful" man will receive a sad shock when his flippant remarks anent our debt, unsupported as they were by any reference to returns or page in the public ledger, are compared with the following:

LIBERAL RULE.	TORY RULE.
Public debt—	Public debt—
Increase in Mackenzie's time $14,170,000	Increase from 1878 to 1885 ..... $37,262,000
Deduct amount by which revenue falling in exceed by Sir John A.'s Government	Add for liabilities incurred by Sir John and not by Mackenzie .....
$10,170,000	Increase in Tory period of Tory rule .....
Deduct discount on redemption of loan	Deduct premium on redemption of loan .....
Increase of debt under Mackenzie $7,000,000	Increase under Tory rule .....

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE.

The true and correct title of the government party in Canada is that of Tory. This name they despise, for it is synonymous with tyranny, maladministration of public affairs, depriving the people of their just rights, stifling discussions, burking investigations into questionable acts of administration, setting public opinion at defiance, preferring office and plunder to principle. Those who are familiar with Canadian politics will remember the various cries that have been raised by the Tory party since the Union between Upper and Lower Canada. Not a general election has passed since then but that the Tories have raised some howl to aid them into office. The latest dodge in the appellation line is that of Liberal-Conservative. It may be well now to ventilate the hypocrisy of the Tories in claiming the above title. It is well known that Confederation was carried by a union of the government and opposition leaders and the first government contained six Liberals and seven Conservatives. It might fairly be called a Conservative-Liberal government. One of the Liberal members, Hon. GEORGE BROWN, was squeezed out before the dominion was even established on July 1st, 1867. There remained five of the originals, namely Hon. S. L. TILLEY, W. P. HOWLAND, W. MACDOUGALL, A. G. ARCHIBALD, and Peter MITCHELL. Mr. ARCHIBALD failed of election and went out, being appointed governor of Manitoba, and his place in the cabinet was filled by Sir Charles TUPPER, a Conservative. Mr. HOWLAND was made governor of Ontario in 1868 and his place filled with a Conservative. Mr. MACDOUGALL was appointed governor of Manitoba in 1869 but failed to get into that country. His place was filled by Mr. AIKINS, formerly a Liberal, but he in turn was appointed to the governorship of Manitoba in 1882 and his place in the cabinet filled by a Conservative. The Liberal contingent was thus reduced to two—Hon. Peter MITCHELL and Sir LEONARD TILLEY. Both of these have dropped out, Sir LEONARD to take another governorship. Mr. MITCHELL, like Mr. MACDOUGALL, is now a Liberal candidate. But there is still Minister FOSTER, who claims to be a Liberal! So small a patch upon the big Tory cabinet could hardly make it Liberal-Conservative, even if Mr. FOSTER were a Liberal. But his first appearance in public life was as a supporter of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD. He must bear the party name of his Tory leader. We ask intelligent readers to look at the above record, see how the Liberals one by one, like the ten little Indians, in the song, have been dropped out of Sir JOHN'S cabinet, and say whether there is a vestige of reason for continuing the term Liberal-Conservative. The sole reason for calling the cabinet Liberal-Conservative is to humbug a few old-time Liberals. And it is about time they had their eyes open to the fact.

CITY COUNCIL.

The regular weekly meeting of the city council was held last night. Present: Mayor Fell, and Couns. Grant, Styles, Harris, Braden, Pearse, Higgins, Coughlan, Vigelius and Barnard.

COMMUNICATION.

From Edward Pascoe, who has been suspended by the Sanitary Committee upon the complaint of W. Smith for accepting bribes, which he admitted, asking to be reinstated. He said that he had discontinued the practice of taking money four months ago, when he became aware that it was wrong to do so. Laid on the table until Sanitary Committee's report was submitted.

STREET SUPERINTENDENT.

On motion of Couns. Styles and Pearse the election of the street overseer was proceeded with—one of the two old overseers having to be dispensed with, in accordance with report of the Street Committee. On the first ballot Mr. W. Tierney got 4 votes and Mr. Dewsnap 4, there being one blank ballot paper. The second ballot stood: Tierney 3, and Dewsnap 5, one blank. Mr. Dewsnap having received a majority of votes cast was declared elected.

OVERDRAFT BY-LAW.

The by-law giving authority to procure by overdraft from the Bank of B. N. A., the sum of $40,000, was read a second time.

Coun. Styles moved to make the sum $25,000.

Coun. Vigelius moved $30,000, and on motion the last sum was adopted and the by-law passed.

VEHICLES BY-LAW.

The Vehicles Amendment By-law was read a first time.

THE SANITARY OFFICER.

The Sanitary Committee reported that they had examined into a charge against the sanitary officer and had found that he had been receiving fees from scavengers Smilow, West, Doherty and Smith. The officer was therefore suspended, awaiting action of Council.

Coun. Braden explained that one object of the Council was to give the sanitary officer a chance, as he had lost his hand in the employ of the city. He received $45 per month, and thought he had a right to receive perquisites from the scavengers. The question was a difficult one to deal with, and the committee had not, therefore, recommended anything.

Coun. Pearse moved to refer the report back to the committee for definite report.

Coun. Styles thought those who had tempted the officer with a bribe were more to blame than the offender.

Report referred back.

STREETS.

The Street Committee recommended several street repairs; that the sum of $12 be paid to Mr. Bartlett for injury to his horse, which fell into a ditch, and that as Mr. Noble was unable to supply the coal required by the city that the orders be given to the several coal yards in the city. Mr. Noble informed the Council that if he undertook to supply the Council at the price named he would not be supplied by the mines.

Coun. Harris asked what contracts were now in progress in the city.

Coun. Grant said they would amount to $12,000 or $13,000.

Report adopted.

AUDITOR.

Coun. Pearse gave notice that he would move to appoint a permanent auditor at next meeting.

WATER WORKS.

The water works committee presented a report, stating that it was impossible to give Mr. Redfern a supply of water as the pipes were too small.

Coun. Styles asked what progress had been made with the plans and specifications for the new works by the engineer appointed for that purpose.

Coun. Pearse said he did not know who the engineer was.

Coun. Styles said Mr. HAWKSLEY was appointed by the late council.

Mayor Fell—He has never been notified. The appointment will have to be made again by the present council.

Coun. Braden gave notice of a motion to discontinue day work on the reservoir.

Coun. Pearse said according to a report of a former committee rock had been blasted for $1.05—certainly it could be done for $1.50—and no contractor could beat that.

Coun. Coughlan said he had no doubt that the work had cost much more than stated.

Coun. Harris remarked that nobody seemed to know how deep the blasting was to be or how much rock was to be taken out.

The council then adjourned at 9.30 p. m.

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Home Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only 50c. per year; bound to sell. The solicitors are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for 50c. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 60 days only. Address

ADELBERT MILLS, Business Manager,
jan 12 D&W ST. JOHNS, P. Q.

Dominion Elections.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

GENTLEMEN,—

I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the coming Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose wise policy has raised the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings in all parts of the district if it is possible to do so, of which due notice will be given and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 17th, 1887. jan18-3w

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

GENTLEMEN:

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government those varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Jan. 19. jan19

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon as dates can be arranged.

Yours Faithfully,
J. P. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 24th, '87. jan25

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald.

T. B. HUMPHREYS.

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 31, 1887. jan31

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.
jan 19

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the liberal conservative party.

NOAH SHAKESPEARE
jan 31

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL,

"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, Fort Hill. Terms—$2, cash.

The Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar

"CONQUEROR"

is also offered for service. Terms—$1, cash.
jan29 1m D&W J. S. SHOPLAND.

IMMENSE SUCCESS

BIG SALES OF

Dry Goods AT Popular Prices

All our Winter Stock of Ladies and Children's Jackets, Dolmans, Wraps, Wool Shawls are still further Reduced in price.

Latest Styles in Fur Capes, Silk Waterproofs, Fur-Lined Circular Dolmans, &c., are all to be sacrificed to

CASH!

Ten Cents on the Dollar is still the big incentive, and we continue to give that discount for ready money.

Children's Handsome Ulsters from 49 cents.

Woolen Stockings from 10 cents per pair.

Come to the ALBION HOUSE

And Save 25 per cent.

BROWN & WHITE,
Government Street.

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company (Limited.)

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT,
OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET.
jan13 1m

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,

Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (not bundle).

All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned.

A. C. HOWES.

ISLAND RAILWAY

Cordwood and Timber Yard

RUSSELL'S STATION.

First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.

Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

ADAM INNES, Agent,
Corner John and Government Streets
Tele. home Call No. 148. jan4

THE OLD RELIABLE

JOHN BULL

BITTERS.

UNEQUALLED.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov26 D&W

A. A. Aaronson,

PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties called for at their residences. INDIAN GOODS in rare and curious variety. Note the address—Johnson Street between Broad and Government. ofi

Yorkshire Market,

ESTABLISHED 1862.

W. W. EVANS & CO.,
Yates Street, between Government and Broad.

Beef and Pork Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of goods peculiar to the business. nov27 tf

CLOTHING AT COST!

A Genuine Clearance Sale of Clothing

AT COST FOR CASH,

Prior to Stock Taking, will take place at

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

Commencing MONDAY, January 17th, and Continuing Thirty Days.

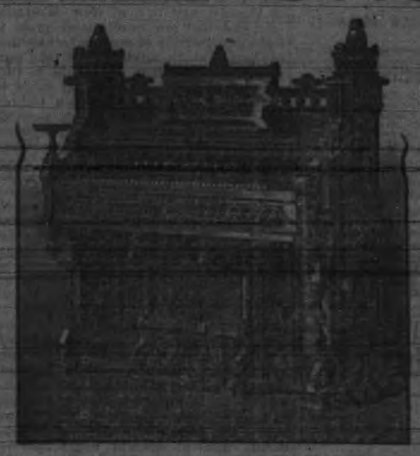
Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.
Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats.
Men's, Youth's and Boys' Pants.

All to be Sold at Cost Price, for Cash, at

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, - - YATES STREET.
jan14

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.



MANUFACTURED BY W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.

is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority OF THE Bell Organ

has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,
Government Street.
aug21

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

Corner Government & Johnson Sts.

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

For Capes and Coffs for gentlemen; Boys Fancy Overcoats; Fur Caps for men and Boys.

—ALSO—

Tweed Pants, from $2 upwards; Black walking Coats; M. S. $5.50 each. Black T.ed, $5.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $9 per suit. And a full line of

Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.

LEWIS LEWIS,
YATES STREET. no 23-3m

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for the supply of the inhabitants of Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article guaranteed.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
Fort's Ridge, Victoria, B. C.
aug25 tf

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, ETC.,

Government street, between Johnson and Fort streets.

VICTORIA, B. C. 1y

VANCOUVER CITY.

100 Choice City Lots

FOR SALE,

IN SAMUEL GREER'S SUBDIVISION OF Thirty Acres, fronting on English Bay, adjoining the location of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's WORKSHOPS, ROUND HOUSE and Terminal Buildings. This is the most desirable property on English Bay and must increase rapidly in value.

Prices are low and terms so reasonable as to place them within the reach of every one.

Plans of lots, prices and conditions, can be obtained on application to

SAMUEL GREER.
oct5 tf Vancouver.

TOWN OF FARWELL.

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District, comprising 160 acres of excellent land, about 100 acres on the Flats and under cultivation, balance timbered, good house of 8 rooms and outbuildings, good water, about 40 head of stock, a great number of plants, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mower, etc. The owner also keeps a store and has a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Fredk. Evans, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Pidcock & Co., Victoria. aug25 D&W

Glasgow and London

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital $5,000,000
Governmental Deposit 200,000
Reserve 910,000
Income 1,100,000
Funds to Capital 910,000

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

Glasgow and London Building, MONTREAL.

D. MACDOUGALL LAIDLAW, General Manager, London, England.

JAMES BURNS,

Agent for British Columbia—Office, Langley Street, next Wilson's Hardware Store.

Agent for Fire Insurance of Royal Exchange Assurance.

COMPLETE REVOLUTION IN Monumental Work.

WHITE BRONZE MONUMENTS

Drawings and information may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.

H. G. & R. WALKER,
nov26 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade.

Samuel May & Co.,

TORONTO.

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock the B. C. Agency,

H. G. & R. WALKER,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

John Weiler,

MANUFACTURER OF

FURNITURE

OF ALL GRADES,

And Importer of

Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

AGENT FOR DOMINION

WIRE MATTRESSES,

Only Matress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs; awarded Five Prizes wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also

IRON BEDSTEADS

Combined with above Mattress.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan28

SAUSAGE SEASON

1886.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER,

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply them with PURE, SWEET, and DELICIOUS SAUSAGE of my own make. I make none but a QUALITY of the best quality of fresh meats, and the spices and most approved herbs that can procure and my experience in the business enables me to produce a SAUSAGE which cannot be surpassed. MORTADELLA and the necessary materials for making it, are also to be obtained at a moderate price, at the same time I do not pretend to compete with the mere cheap and nasty stuff which is offered in the public by others in the trade, who have not the experience, the time or the good materials to make a good article. Sausage Meat, Pure Lard, Pure Leaf Lard, and Pure Sausages, are specialties in BARRAN'S establishment, and are those by which the whole Province has come to know and appreciate the Sausage made by JULIUS BARRAN.

de18 JULIUS BARRAN.

FOR SALE,

Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capacity of mills the best in the Province.

OATMEAL,

In the Province, Also,

A PEARL BARLEY MILL

Together with a SAWMILL, 40 inch Saw. An Optional Offer will be made to a responsible party. Price, $2,000.

D. F. ADAMS.
sep28

JOSEPH SEARS,

House & Sign Painter,

Glazier, Paper Hanger,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.

YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

First Session of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

TWELFTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 16.

The Speaker took the chair at 2.

Prayers by Rev. Mr. Beanlands.

PETITION.

Mr. Bole presented a petition for the incorporation of the New Westminster Southern Railway Co.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Anderson corrected the *Standard's* report of his speech, that paper having used "contagious" for "contiguous".

OUR COAST DEFENCES.

Col. Baker moved: Whereas in the present disturbed state of Europe the Imperial British Government might suddenly be plunged into war; and whereas the defences of the coast and ports of British Columbia are not in a state to resist any sudden attack by an enemy. Therefore, be it resolved that representations be made to the Dominion Government requesting that early steps be taken to carry out its policy, declared in 1883, of stationing in British Columbia a battery of Canadian artillery. Also requesting the Dominion Government to take steps towards developing and placing on a better footing the militia of this province. 1st. By the enrolment of new corps at Nanaimo, Vancouver, the Yale and Kootenay districts, and such other districts as may be deemed advisable. 2d. By providing better and more suitable drill sheds for exercising corps, and also by providing suitable magazines and buildings for the storage of arms and ammunition." The mover said the disturbed state of Europe showed that war clouds were rising above the horizon and a thunder clap might be expected at any moment. Should an enemy make a landing on our shores our position would be deplorable. Our only defence at present was 80 militia and 30 rifles in Victoria, and 80 militia at Port Moody and New Westminster. But this was not sufficient, notwithstanding that it was commanded by an efficient officer, Col. Holmes. Brick could not be made without straw, and the officers could not make the corps more efficient than the means at their disposal would allow. It was possible to raise a company of 40 at Nanaimo, another corp at Vancouver, while the martial spirit in Kootenay and Yale would undoubtedly lead to the organization of forces in those localities. Such corps could be concentrated at any given point in the event of danger. The House could not realize the horrors that would ensue in the event of the landing of an enemy, and it was the duty of the country to be prepared for the worst, which was sure to come at an early day.

Mr. Pope seconded the motion, and referred to the difficulty experienced in keeping together a force of even 80 men, in consequence of the lowness of the pay and the constant changes of residence of those who connect themselves with the force.

Mr. Bole said, is a matter of this kind, he could not remain silent after the very eloquent remarks of the gallant members for Kootenay and Victoria. Besides being a member of the House, he had the honor of holding a position in the militia and it appeared to him that the matter was one of no ordinary importance. He had listened with no ordinary attention to the remarks of the honorable gentleman, and it appeared to him that this was another illustration of the fact that true merit must, of necessity, win its own recognition. The gallant member has favored us with what may fairly be styled as a second edition of the "Battle of Dorking." He did not wish to cast any imputation upon the picture but it had brought to his mind, that when the enemy has arrived, the government would be in full retreat—God knows where—(laughter), and the defence of the country is left to the unhappy and gallant few who are left to struggle behind. He never felt so proud of being a member of the opposition and from that moment would look on his title as "first lieutenant" with peculiar affection. (Applause.) A great deal of truth can be conveyed in a witty manner, and he was bound to compliment his honorable and gallant friend for the facility with which he had moulded the picture in a right way. But he was quite willing to postpone the British Columbia Thermopylae till the "Ides of March;" but should it come, he had no doubt that the opposition would do its duty. (Cheers.) Our position, as an integral portion of the Dominion of Canada, has, no doubt, become much more important by the completion of the great transcontinental highway. Our increased importance gives us increased responsibility, and with those this question is not altogether devoid of its unpleasant aspects. We have become more important strategically. The time does not appear to be very far distant when the British lion and the Russian bear will close in deadly conflict; and it does appear, in view of that unhappy possibility, that the shores of British Columbia may be made an objective point of an attacking force. Canada does not keep up a standing army, though there are some permanent corps enlisted which can successfully contend with the best armies of the same kind that Great Britain herself can produce. (Applause). Quality, however, is not everything; we must have quantity, also. It must surely strike the most casual observer that, for the province of British Columbia, the 270 men allowed by law, are entirely inadequate for any particular defence whatsoever. With respect to the material, better cannot be got anywhere; but those few men are not furnished with proper equipments. At this moment, on the Fraser river, the volunteers have smooth-bores of the date of 1853, and, in Victoria, the gun carriages are mostly of the ancient pattern, and not in a fit state for service. These things should be remedied, and it does appear that it is proper for the House to pass a resolution on this matter, in order that this state of affairs may be remedied. It is said, with a great amount of truth, that we as a people are slow to change old modes—so slow that it is still thought that one Britisher is able to whip any ten men in the world. We must change our ways. We find this, that in Victoria, the number of men, the number and character of the guns, are entirely inadequate to form a protection against the descent of a hostile fleet upon our coast. It may be well to say in a newspaper that ships never run away—and I hope I shall never see the British flag run before another,—(applause)—but a ship retiring after a fight and one pursuing another after a victory are two different things, and we must expect, in these days of big guns, that a victorious ironclad would be mauled by her opponent, and in that case, we must have places where our ships can retire and repair. Ships of war must retire protected by guns of a character that will make it imperative for the enemy to keep at a safe distance until they can be put in proper order. The defence of Victoria and Esquimalt are prime factors in the defence of British Columbia, while the interests of the mainland and the island are identical and so long as the duty of every member in his place should be to forward the interests of British Columbia in general, and each individual district in particular. (Applause.) This question is a British Columbian interest. We have Esquimalt

Continued on 240 page.

A Test of Refinement.

Upon a certain occasion Lincoln informed a persecutor of a young man seeking for a situation, when a lady stepped from the store with a magnificent dress and wrap and most expensive bonnet and waited a moment for her carriage to come up. Before getting in she stood on the high step, long enough to arrange something on the seat, then raised her skirt, and to the astonished gaze of the spectator disclosed a cheap petticoat, none too clean, and other underclothing of the coarsest and cheapest description. There was no reason for this state of things, for the lady was the wife of a rich man who pays his bills without a murmur and always wishes to see her well dressed. Something is wrong in the early training of such a woman.

I will cite another case to show to what extremes we sometimes go. A lady who wore the plainest dresses, made of cheap materials, boarded in a fashionable house on the Hill. The ladies of the house all wore better dresses than herself, and whispers could be heard in relation to it. I called upon her rather late one evening, and as she was about retiring she sent for me to come to her room. Her dress was off and she stood before me a picture of true elegance. Her corset was black satin handsomely embroidered, her underwear of tinted silk, lace trimmed, while her skirts were fine and immaculate, and her hosiery beautiful. Said I: "Your gown would never denote so much elegance under it. How is it that you change the order of things in this way?" She replied, "I was brought up to always wear good underclothing, and I really care more for it than for fine dresses. Since my husband's death I cannot afford both, and accept cheap dresses rather than cheap underwear." Both of these women were extremists, and a little good judgment would make either of them appear better. Every woman of refinement will see that her underclothing befits her outer attire. It is a badge of true gentility. Trim as fine as the circumstances will permit; good hose, nice shoes, perfectly fitting gloves, clean collars and handkerchiefs are of much value in determining the moral and mental status of a lady.

All this may be an education. The progress of the decorative art in the underwear is somewhat amusing to observant individuals, and the moral question involved in the trimming of a suit of ladies' underclothes has no small influence in frontier villages and country districts.—Cor. Brooklyn Eagle.

Early in life I was taught by a good mother that it was a sin to waste anything that could be made use of, and later on I have had much occasion to be thankful for the lesson in early learned. Some times ago I was visiting at the house of a lady, who was by no means wealthy. At dinner the center of the table was graced by a large roast of beef, and after all had dined judge of my surprise when the lady opened up her stove, and, lifting the platter from the table, scraped roast, gravy and all into the fire, completely filling the stove. I could not forbear an exclamation of astonishment, but the lady coolly answered, "We never eat cold meat at our house, and cold roast is of no account, anyway." And yet this woman's husband was only an ordinary workingman, who earned his bread by the sweat of his brow, and the consumed roast contained meat enough, if properly prepared, for three or four breakfasts, for a small family. To-day that woman is a widow entirely dependent upon her friends and a small monthly fund received from a benevolent society, and I sometimes wonder if it would not have been better had she learned earlier in life that cold roasts make better food than fuel. I trust there are not many of this class, but there are still far too many who, through a false and mistaken pride, turn up their noses and hold in supreme contempt all "made over dishes," as they term them, and never lend anything to the table a second time.—Cor. Detroit Free Press.

Snow Shoe Thompson's Remarkable Feats.

If not the swiftest, it was universally conceded that, even up to the time of his death, Thompson was the most expert snow shoe runner in the Sierra Nevada mountains. At Silver Mountain, Alpine county, Cal., in 1870, when he was 43 years of age, he ran a distance of 1,000 feet in twenty-one seconds. There were many snow shoers at that place, but in daring Thomson surpassed them all. Near the town was a big mountain, where the people of the place were wont to assemble on bright days in winter, to the number of 200 or 300. The ordinary snow shoers would go part way up the mountain to where there was a bench, and then glide down a beaten path. This was too tame for Thompson. He would make a circuit of over a mile, and come out on the top of the mountain. When he appeared on the peak he would give one of his wild high Sierra whoops, poise his balance pole, and dart down the face of the mountain at lightning speed, leaping all the terrors from top to bottom, and gliding far out on the level before halting.

Snow Shoe Thompson seldom performed any feat for the mere name and fame of doing a difficult and daring thing. Yet W. P. Merrill, postmaster at Woodford's, Alpine county, writes me as follows in speaking of some of Thompson's achievements: "He at one time went back to Genoa, on a mountain, on his snow shoes, and make a jump of 180 feet without a break." This seems almost incredible, but Mr. Merrill is a reliable man, and for many years Thompson was his near neighbor, as I a regular customer at his store. Thompson doubtless made this fearful leap at a place where he would land in a great drift of soft snow. I spoke of this feat to Mr. C. P. Gregory, formerly Thompson's neighbor in the mountains, but at present a resident of Virginia City, Nev., and he assured that although he had never heard of that particular leap, he did not doubt what Mr. Merrill said. "I know," said Mr. Gregory, "that at Silver Mountain he often made clear jumps of fifty and sixty feet."—Overland Monthly.

Advice to a Young Husband.

A father on the occasion of his son's marriage gave him a little special advice: "You are going to be married, my son; and you will wish that your wife should be quiet and submissive to you in all matters. Follow the advice which I now give you. Procure a cat, and one night after your marriage so arrange that the animal shall be in the sleeping room at the time when you and your wife retire to rest. You will go to the room as usual, and on entering it you will pretend to be very much surprised and annoyed that the cat should be found there, and you will draw your sword at once and slay it. Your wife, of course, will be terribly frightened, and from the sight of the slain cat, and a hint from you that she will fare likewise if she is not very careful over herself, you may depend upon it that she will be the proper, dutiful wife that she should be."—From the Persian.

Against Removing Mummies.

Dr. Schweinfurth, the explorer, protests against the practice of removing Egyptian mummies where they will crumble in unpropitious climes. He has no objection to examining them on the spot, in the interest of history and science, even though they be the remains of kings.—Harper's Bazar.

Aaron Burr's Advice.

Aaron Burr, in a recently discovered letter, advised a friend to whom he was giving "private instruction" to "speak of yourself to the third person when you wish it to be evident that you are the person in question."

Sleeping on the Roof.

Out in Humboldt on the long stage rides they have the stages filled with banks of hay upon which they rest out so as to get a nap to sleep therefrom. The smooth roads make these rattle along remarkably well, but going over the rough and uneven sections they dream of earthquakes, cyclones and steeplechases. A sitting is helped over them to keep them from lassoing overboard.—Virginia Enterprise.

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES,

F. W. KNOWLES, Proprietor.

Two Hundred Rooms. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest, corner Third and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. The house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments. An Otis Elevator has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St. Charles, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant, in charge of Chas. Heinan, is conducted in first class style and offers visitors every luxury known to the epicure. jan26

CORBETT & MACLEAY,

IMPORTERS

And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon. jan26 D&W

J. McCRACKEN & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 60, 62 and 64 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jan6

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

DeCosmos' block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Ham, Bacon, Lard, Flour and Oatmeal. Island and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. sep30

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NOTARY PUBLIC.

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the unique Beach Lots, City Lots, Suburban Lots, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb19

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.

☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. OFFICE—Theater Block, Douglas street. Consultations free.

F. W. HALL, M.D., C.M. OFFICE—Rooms 2 and 3, Pioneer Block, Douglas street. Consultations free.

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QUEEN'S MARKET,

L. GOODACRE,

Government street, Victoria, B. C.; wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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C. R. ROBELEE,

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Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Jobs built on the instalment plan. Charges moderate. oct19

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Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

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Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Choice family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice tea and coffee.

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ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Lim'ted.)

HOME INDUSTRY.

Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.

ANDREW GRAY, Manager.
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A. & W. WILSON,

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Best Descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shippers supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 928.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,

TRUCK AND DRAYMAN.

Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My sons will answer as all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons, Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 2 1886

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A PAYING BUSINESS

In New Westminster, B.C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $150. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Vancouver. july30

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR MIDWIFE, Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cook; next door over Bissell's grocery store. may19

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

Langley street, Victoria, B. C. D. M. EBERTS. W. J. TAYLOR.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION

FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Established 1797. Amount Insured, $120,000,000.

H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent,
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan19

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN DOYLE,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER

In Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whisky specially selected for their excellent qualities, are represented in the Province.

P. O. 382 YATES STREET. Orders

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

is now open for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The equipment of this line is all new and of the highest class. Our Sleeping and Dining Cars are luxurious, and our First and Second Class Coaches courtesy of manner.—The Chinese of our Dining Cars is unequalled; every luxury of the season is served in style.

We run the gauntlet of the Rocky mountains in the world—Mountains, Lakes, Canyons and Prairie.

Smooth, well ballasted Steel Track. NO DUST.

FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

When Going East Purchase TICKETS via Canadian Pac Railway.

☞ MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths, and all information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L'd.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.; or, C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

C. A. CARLETON, Freight Agent. D. E. BURNS, Passenger and Ticket Agent.

D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2

Taking effect July 15, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO

Port Moody and Vancouver.
Daily except Monday, at 7 o'clock.

Moodyville and Hastings.
Wednesday and Friday, at 1 o'clock.

Port Moody to Victoria.
Daily except Monday, at 2.30 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria.
Daily except Monday, at 12.30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luin Island.
Monday at 6 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 1 o'clock.

Pimper Pass
Friday, at 7 o'clock.

Port Hammond
Monday at 6 o'clock, Friday at 7 o'clock

Leaves Port Hammond for Victoria.
Monday at 12 o'clock.
Friday at 10 o'clock

Leaves New Westminster for Victoria.
Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pimper Pass.
Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings
Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places
Monday and Wednesday at 1 o'clock.
Leaves Chilliwhack, 8 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 19 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,

WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3300 TON Iron Steamer

ZEALANDIA,

March 12, at 2 p. m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

☞ For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS will for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney ..... Feb. 12
City of Rio de Janeiro ..... March 2
City of New York ..... March 24

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 18th, 28d and 28th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents, aug 4 ..... San Francisco.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION Co.

COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

Commencing Monday, Aug. 2, 1886.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	7.45 a.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	10.00 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	10.30 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	2.30 p.m.
Leaves Seattle at	2.35 p.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	6.35 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4.00 p.m.
Leaves Helena at	6.15 p.m.
Leaves Wallula at	10.50 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at	10.30 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11.00 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	4.00 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	6.15 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7.00 a.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	11.05 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	11.30 a.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	2.00 p.m.

For further particulars, apply to

ROBERT IRVING, General Ticket Agent. Two doors north of Post Office. Government street.

CHAS HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Langley Street, Victoria.

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & COEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Portland Advertisem'ts.

Dr. SPINNEY

Multnomah Block, opposite Post office,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. jone7

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at time of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON, Agent for British Columbia.

Awarded First Premium Oregon State Fair 1885, 1886, 1887. Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair 1885, 1886, 1887.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capital Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 25 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Rodon, the Baker who bought it the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT: ALEX. GRANT, 8 Stark street

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Winder, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

ISAAC LANNING & CO. Proprietors.

aug 14 tf

DR. VANMONCISCAR,

132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.

Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with

LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak eyes, stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Impotency, Nervous Exhaustion, Premature Decay, Lost Vitality, Nervous Debility, etc.

Private Diseases Quickly, Privately, Completely Cured in 1 to 3 months. Patients in doubt, unable to visit me, should write for Private Medical Book and Question List, sent free. Consultation free, and strictly confidential. If in trouble, call immediately or write. Delays are dangerous. mo1 DAW

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

The Great English Medicine.

PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE AGENTS, EVANS, SONS & MASON, LTD. MONTREAL.

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT,

Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System or Attendant Complaints—causing Pain in small of Back, Hips, etc., producing Pelvic or Bearing Down Pains, Scanty or Profuse Secretions, Difficult, Painful or Profuse Micturition, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Dropsical Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Diseases such as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and prostrate, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

Prices—Child's Pad, $1.50 (saves bedwetting). Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

"GOOD RESULTS.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are introducing in this place on their own guarantee, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The inveterate complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease of the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this evening's pads, which have no more in the effectual treatment of lame backs and all weaknesses of the lumber and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B.C.

Retail by E. Pinkney & Co., Rayson, T. Earle, Jones, Cousins, T. H. Richardson, Fowler, Cross, Langley & Co. (Yates), T. McRae, Lemon's (Spring), A. H. Hewlett and Hall, Cattle & Co., Sam Hodgins, T. McDonald & Co., Cochrane, Ross, Bland & Co., Lemon, Gonason & Co., Vancouver, Lamb & Co., Victoria, W. H. Lyon, Port Valdez, Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. aug 11

Land Applications.

Notice is Hereby Given

That the undersigned intends to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the lands mentioned in the following described tracts of land situated on the North-east coast of Vancouver Island, and described as follows:—

No. 1. Commencing at a post on the shore about half a mile east of the mouth of Sarquinah River, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, more or less, to the shore line, thence following the shore line to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

No. 2 Commencing at the south-east corner of F. G. Richards' claim, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

A. A. GREEN.

No. 3. Commencing at the south-west corner of A. A. Green's claim, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

W. P. SAYWARD.

No. 4. Commencing at the north-east corner of F. G. Richards' claim; thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the sea shore, thence northwesterly along the sea shore to the point of commencement, containing 60 acres.

J. CAERON.

No. 5. Commencing at the south-east corner of A. A. Green's claim, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 160 acres.

J. McALLISTER.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 14, 1886. dec15 law 3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase (160) one hundred and thirty five acres, more or less, of pastoral land at the Hot Springs, Kootenay District.

Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of land purchased by John T. Galbraith on Hot Spring Creek; thence west (80) fifty chains, more or less, to bank of Columbia River; thence southerly, following the bank of said river, to north west corner of land applied for to purchase by Geo. Geary; thence east (40) forty chains, more or less, along the northern boundary of said land; thence north (80) fifty chains, more or less, to place of commencement.

jan 7-law 2m E. R. B. CLARK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have applied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for a license to cut and carry away timber, from the following portions of land situated on Salmon River, (64 B. C.) section 9 section eight North East ¼ section of section five. Township three containing 200 acres more or less.

T. D. JONES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, as follows: Commencing at S. Cliffe's N. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement.

JAS. GRAHAM.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, as follows: Commencing at James Grahams' north east corner stake, thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

A. MACPHERSON.

Victoria, B. C. Jany 22 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at J. King's N. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

ROBT. GRAHAM.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, described as follows: Commencing at a stake five miles north of Daisy Lake; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

R. CLIFFE.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate at Otter Cove, Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on Otter Cove; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 100 chains to coast line; thence north along coast line to point of commencement.

A. R. JOHNSTON.

Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 25, 1887. jan26 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District and described as follows: Commencing at a stake five miles north of Daisy Lakes thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

J. KING.

Victoria, B. C. Jany 22 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at G. McAllister's N. E. corner, thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Wm. LEWIS.

Victoria, B. C. 22 Jany 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District and described as follows: Commencing at Wm. Lewis' S. E. corner, thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

L. CASEY.

Victoria, B. C., Jany 22nd 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at A. McPherson's N. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

M. KING.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan. 1887. ja26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at the south east corner of Lands applied for by Thos. Graham; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

G. L. TILL.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 22, 1887. ja26 law2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District and described as commencing at the N. W. corner of G. L. Till's claim; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

GEO. McALLISTER.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22, 1887. ja26 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in Sayward District, described as follows:

The north east corner post is situated on the north bank of small river running into Menzies Bay, distance about two miles south west from Menzies Bay; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

JAS. KING.
E. PRIDEY E.C.

Metlakatla, B. C., Jan 24, 1887. jan 26-law2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two hundred acres of land, more or less, situated on the East Coast of Vancouver Island and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake at the northeast corner of M. C. Ireland's claim, about four miles N. W. of Seymour Narrows; thence west sixty chains; thence forty chains north; thence 50 chains to beach; thence southerly following meanderings of shore, to point of commencement.

HUGH MUNN.

January 15, 1887. jan17-law 6m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate at Elk Bay, Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at W. King's N. W. corner; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

JAS. KING.

Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 25, 1887. jan 26 law 2m

Notices.

Municipal Notice.

Hackmen, Expressmen and Draymen are hereby notified to obtain their Licenses at the City Hall forthwith, or they will be proceeded against under the Bylaw.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Hall, 5th February, 1887. feb5

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,

(LIMITED.),

ASSESSMENT No. 11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the first day of February, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent.

By order of the Directors.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

Dated this January, 1887. feb1 DAW

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN admitted as a partner in the firm, as of a Dry Goods Business, now carried on by Moses Leiser upon Government Street and the business will henceforth be known as "LEISER & LEISER."

Victoria, Dec. 1, 1886. MOSES LEISER.
GUSTAV LEISER.

Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. ISAACS will continue the fur business in the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Mason, Government Street.

S. ISAACS.

N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec 31

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of Section 56 Sooke District; thence due north 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence due south 80 chains to N. E. corner of Section 57; thence 20 chains to point of commencement.

S. E. JACKSON.

Victoria, B. C. 6th Dec. 1886. dec 6 law-tf

"ALMOST"

Hudson's Bay Company.

The following Goods on Sale at the Lowest Market Rates:

Ale and Stout,	Flour,	Mustard,
Apples,	Geneva,	Oysters,
Arrowroot,	Gin	Pickles,
Bacon,	Hams,	Porter,
Beans,	Honey,	Port Wine,
Bitters,	Isinglass,	Raisins,
Brandy,	Jams and	Jellies, Rum,
Capers,	Ketchup,	Sauce,
Champagne,	Lard,	Sherry,
Claret,	Lobsters,	Sugar,
Currants,	Maccaroni,	Tea,
Currie Powder,	Marmalade,	Whisky,

A SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED

DUKE'S CAMEO CIGARETTES

JUST RECEIVED.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Thursday, Feb. 17, 1887

BIRTH.

WARD—On the 15th inst., the wife of Robert Ward, Esq., of a son.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

Public Meeting.

A Public Meeting will be held at the Victoria Theatre to-morrow evening. Addresses will be delivered by Messrs. Fell, Humphreys and Robertson.

—The Vancouver *Advertiser* is reported defunct.

—Money saved by having your plans made by FRANK, the ARCHITECT. *

—The contract for the C. P. R. sheds at Vancouver has been let for $4,000.

—A second snow blockade on the C. P. R., east of the mountains, has detained the mails again for several days past.

—EASTERN OYSTERS, fresh every day, at JOE LEVY'S, by gallon, quart or pint. Same price as Island Oysters. *

—The New Westminster Council has voted $150 to clear away the ice in the harbor. About that sum has already been spent and the ice is as formidable as ever.

—Our lady readers should carefully peruse the debate on woman franchise in our legislative report of to-day, which took place in the House yesterday. It is very interesting.

—GOODWIN & JORDAN, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing, FACTORY COMMORANT street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 98; P. O. box 422. *

—The Hudson's Bay Company have a very large stock of choice goods, specified in our advertising columns, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—Per Geo E Starr from the Sound: J Parker, R Baker & Son, H Saunders, N Portman, Welch B & Co, Langley & Co, S J Pitts, J Levy, Vau & Co, Stetts & Bro, Hamm & Marbourf.

—ANOTHER CANDIDATE—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. B. Erskine to supply the PUBLIC with Boots and SHOES at most reasonable prices. Cash is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited. *

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—MR. C. F. MOORE, to whom was returned the sum of $50 a few days ago by the Dominion Government, as a sum illegally collected from him on account of his wife, whom it was alleged was a Chinese woman, states that she is a "man etc," a full British subject entitled to the protection of the British flag and every privilege of citizenship thereunder.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Annie, Lucy, Jenny and Sam Davis, four Fort Rupert Indians, charged with being drunk, were fined each $10, or one month's imprisonment.

Harry, a Fort Rupert Indian, assaulting an Indian woman with intent to do grievous bodily harm, the evidence showed that the prisoner had treated the old woman shamefully. He was sent to gaol for three months and fined $25, or in default two months more.

Ah Qui, an old Chinese woman, keeper of a house of ill fame, was fined $51, or four months' imprisonment.

Ah Yee and Ah Foy, frequenters of Ah Qui's house, were fined $10 each, or one month each.

PERSONALS.

Mr. S. S. Lohman, Winnipeg, is at the Oriental.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Innes, of Vancouver, are at Roccabella.

Rev. D. Fraser has been commissioned to visit the districts of Nicola and Kamloops by the Presbytery on church business. He will be absent several weeks.

Mr. John Calibreath has gone over to the mainland.

Mr. G. Robertson came down from the mainland last night.

Capt. W. N. Hole, M. P. P., returned to New Westminster this morning.

Dr. J. D. Helgecken is recovering. He has been removed to St. Joseph's hospital.

Mr. Jas. Cunningham has gone to eastern Canada.

Passengers by the Geo. E. Starr: Jas Kane, Jesse Kane, J Moyes, Mrs Barlow, G Cunningham, R Owen, S Kennedy, C H Young and wife, G Hunsdell, C E Symons and son, W Doyle, W Calkins, Restonport, H B Ball, Eastwood.

Hoodlamism.

A young fellow was seen assaulting a Chinaman on Yates street this morning, apparently without provocation. He struck a hard blow in the face and the Celestial now carries around a very black eye. The police will investigate the matter, and see that the offender is punished. Attack on Chinamen, such as pelting Chinese boys with snow balls, has become rather common of late for the good name of the city.

Presbytery Meeting.

The next ordinary meeting of the Presbytery of Columbia, Presbyterian Church in Canada, will be held in the First Presbyterian Church here, on Wednesday the 2nd March at 10 o'clock a. m.

The Mails.

Three days mails will arrive from the east to night by the Princess Louise.

Another Evangeline.

An esteemed correspondent sends us the following which evidently means Mr. Duncan instead of Durham. Our correspondent in writing says: Byron asks what is fame? and that Mr. Duncan is receiving fame under the name of "Durham." The story is from the Providence, R. I., *Journal*. A story of outrage upon and cruelty to a civilized Indian community on the part of the Dominion of Canada has just been made known in Washington through an application for asylum in American territory. About thirty years ago the Rev. Mr. Durham, a Methodist clergyman, went from London, England, as missionary to an Indian tribe near Fort Simpson, British Columbia. This post is upon the Pacific, and upon the inlet which divides Columbia from Alaska. The Indians were then cannibals. Under Mr. Durham's teachings the tribe gradually became civilized. Last year they number ed a thousand souls. They live in a well-built village, with schools and churches. Nearly every adult Indian owns a home. They have wharves and fishing stations and packing houses. Since these latter were established the tribe has received $300,000 for canned salmon shipped to Liverpool. The village was in every respect well ordered, thoroughly civilized, and flourishing, but Indians, under Dominion law, cannot hold land. Some sharks happened to become acquainted with the facilities for trade offered at this place, and made entry at a British Columbia land office of the whole tract. It was sold to them, and with it all the homes, schools, stores, and packing houses. The Indians protested. A gun boat went up from Victoria and brought down eight of the chief men, and they were thrown into jail. The case was appealed to Sir John Macdonald, and he confirmed the sale. Application has been made by Mr. Durham, who is in Washington, for permission to have the Indians move over into Alaska. Senators Teller and Plumb have advised that they move at once without waiting for official permission, as they are sure to be given a place to live. Meantime some American tribes in Washington Territory have invited the despoiled community to come down and live with them until they can determine what to do.

Unfulfilled Pledges.

The Conservative party during the campaigns of 1878-82 were most profuse in their promises as to the reforms they were to inaugurate. The following will illustrate how faithfully these pledges were carried out.

What the Tory party promised.	*What the Tory party achieved.*
An annual expenditure of not more than $22,000,000.	An expenditure for 1886 of $35,175,937.
A reduction of the national debt.	The national debt increased from $111,000,000 in 1878 to $281,000,000 in 1886.
No deficits.	A deficit of $6,000,000.
A decrease in departmental salaries.	An increase in departmental salaries from $665,195 in 1878 to $921,904 in 1885.
Economy in civil government.	An increase in the cost of civil government from $932,823 in 1878 to $1,129,895 in 1886.
A smaller appropriation for departmental contingencies.	An increase on the account from $154,174 in 1878 to $336,858 in 1885.
Fewer employees in the public departments at Ottawa.	An increase in the number of employees from 832 in 1878 to 1,527 in 1885.
A less expenditure for printing, advertising and paper for immigration purposes.	An increase in this expenditure from $17,466 in 1878 to $34,868 in 1885.
A Canadian Pacific Railway that would not cost the country a cent.	A Canadian Pacific Railway at a cost of $170,000,000.
"Canada for the Canadians."	An exodus without parallel in the history of the country.
Honest Government.	Scandals in every department of the Public Service.
A prosperous and united Canada.	Rebellion in the Northwest, Secession in Nova Scotia, and an ill-treated and unsettled Indian population.

Fort Simpson Indians.

The report of the conferences between the members of the Provincial government and Indian delegates from Fort Simpson and Naas river, in pamphlet form, was submitted to the House yesterday. The conferences were held on the 3rd and 8th of February, at the residence of the Hon. Mr. Smithe—the Premier—Attorney-General, Provincial Secretary, and Messrs. Powell and O'Reilly being present. Rev. Mr. Crosby came to the city with the Indians, to act as interpreter, but the government objected to his presence, preferring, they said, to hear the Indians' story direct from their own lips. Charles Barton, a Naas River Indian, acted as spokesman and interpreter. Their grievances, which refer to the tenure of their lands, right to cut timber, reserves, hunting privileges, etc., were fully explained and discussed. The delegation left apparently satisfied with the explanations, a promise being made to them that a Commission, representing the Local and Dominion governments, would go up to Fort Simpson and the Naas and take up and settle the whole question.

An Insult.

Our morning contemporary is trying to extract sunshine from cucumbers. The meeting last night was unquestionably hostile to Messrs. Shakespeare and Baker, and their despicable trick in choking off discussion after they had spoken has lost them many of those who were in sympathy with them at the meeting. A greater insult could not have been offered to Messrs. Fell, Humphreys, Robertson and McCallum, than to invite their attendance and then so arrange matters that they would not have an opportunity to speak. Mr. Shakespeare's references to Mr. Charlton' address stamp him as a political coward. Victoria does not want such representatives.

Chinese Prostitutes.

An old Chinese woman, who keeps a house of illfame, and four of the unfortunate creatures who are inmates thereof, were fined in the police court to-day, the first in $50 and the latter in $10 each. The fines were paid, and the women return to their old avocation.

The Cosgrave Brewing and Malting Company, have assigned with $100,000 liabilities and assets placed at $60,000. What has become of the N. P. There were to be no more failures under its benefit 1878.

PLACE THE RESPONSIBILITY ON THE PROPER SHOULDERS.

At present we hear much of the debt of gratitude British Columbia owes to Sir JOHN MACDONALD. His admirers claim for him the credit of being the true friend of the province. Correct it is that under his regime, and at an enormous expense, the Canadian Pacific Railway was completed. The real secret is Sir John had to complete the work or resigned his position. It was the lever, and the only one, by which he was enabled to return to power. The road is now finished and in operation. The Canadian Pacific question has lost the magnetism and political charm that once surrounded it. The clearest proof of this is to be found in the "squeeze" Sir John and his political associates are now receiving at the hands of the electors in the east. For the time being the fact is entirely forgotten that a period considerably over two years was allowed to elapse ere any effort was made by the MACDONALD administration to make a start on the work in this province. Will Sir JOHN'S touters please state what progress was made on the work from the date of the Union to the resignation of Sir John on the 6th November, 1873?

Another very important matter is overlooked, namely, the responsibility of having flooded the province with Chinese coolies. Sir JOHN'S apologists cannot plead innocence on this charge. The ONDERDONK contract was not signed until early in 1880. When it was still in a state of statu quo the Local government of that day—His Honor Mr. Justice WALKEM, the Hon. ROBERT BEAVEN and the Hon. T. B. HUMPHREYS—fearing that the contractors would flood the province with Mongolians, took the subject into consideration as early as October, 1879, when the following minute was approved of by the Lieut.-Governor on the 11th of that month:

Report of the Executive Council approved by the Lieut.-Governor on the 11th day of October, 1879.

The Committee of Council have had under consideration the possibility that the Dominion government might omit to provide, in the contracts for railway construction in this province, that the contractors are not to employ Chinese.

The committee consider that it is of great importance to the Dominion and the province that railway construction should be carried on in such a manner as to employ and permanently settle in the province as many families of our own and kindred races as possible.

That the Chinese, in the Australias, New Zealand, California, and British Columbia, are an alien, non-assimilating race, whose presence in large numbers is injurious to settlement as their system of coolie labor defies competition, and seriously discourages immigrants from coming.

That there is no necessity to employ Chinese labor on railway construction in this province, and that the employment of such labor on works of magnitude simply means a large importation and employment of slave labor, the profits from which will only enrich Chinese companies resident in a foreign country.

The committee remark that the Legislative Assembly, by resolution, have prohibited the employment of Chinese upon Provincial public works, and that, in accordance therewith, the specifications for the graving dock at Esquimalt provide that the contractor shall not directly or indirectly employ Chinese upon, about, or in connection with the works; and, that, in the event of his doing so, the government will not be responsible for payment of the contract.

The committee therefore recommend that, if this minute be approved, the following telegram be forwarded to the Secretary of State, Canada:

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 11, 1879.

To the Secretary of State for Canada:

"This government respectfully suggest that a condition be inserted in contracts prohibiting the employment of Chinese on railway construction in this province. Will forward Minute of Council by mail."

The committee further advise that a copy of this minute be forwarded to the Government of Canada through the usual channel.

(Signed) T. BASIL HUMPHREYS,
Clerk Executive Council.

The reply received was to the effect that the request could not be agreed to as special cost by Sir Joseph and his friends. He therefore, and he alone, is responsible for the thousands of heathen Celestials now to be found in the province to the detriment of white honest labor, to say nothing of the thousands that have already left for other climes, and the many millions of dollars the refusal of Sir JOHN to carry out the wishes of the local government, has lost to the country through the outrageous conduct of Sir JOHN MACDONALD.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The principal features of yesterday's sitting were the excellent speeches made by Messrs. BAKER and BOLE, (the latter is given pretty fully in another column) on our coast defence. The member for Kootenay made a humorous reference to the opposition, hirling May and Bourinot at the heads of an enemy, and then, dealing seriously with the question, showed very clearly that our present defenceless state would almost certainly be taken advantage of in the event of a war between England and Russia. Mr. BOLE, in supporting the motion, delivered a capital impromptu speech, which was characterised by fervid eloquence, patriotic enthusiasm and a readiness at repartee that even his best friends did not credit him with.

On the same question Mr. THOMPSON, of Nanaimo, made his maiden speech. His remarks were forcible and convincing; and having thus broken the ice we expect to hear from him frequently in the future.

Hon. J. ROBSON'S woman's franchise bill was knocked higher than GILDEROY'S kite. It only received five votes in a full House.

Col. BAKER, the gallant officer who never flinched before an enemy in the field, beat a hasty regreat before the vote was taken on the women's suffrage bill. He retired in splendid order, carrying his wounded feelings with him. Sadly we touched in the members' room, he viewed with the equanimity of a non-combatant the decisive termination of the unequal struggle.

The House adjourned, at the request of the government, for three days, because there was no business to keep it occupied. The member for Lillooet, who now and then flashes a meteoric light upon the House, was unequal to the occasion, and failed to enter his "solemn protest" against such an unnecessary waste of time. The star of Lillooet is a very uncertain twinkler, and of the twenty-seventh magnitude.

CONTEMPTIBLE CONDUCT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—A second time the shabby attempt to force the electors into accepting Shakespeare and Baker has signally failed. "Our" meeting, presided over by Dr. Helmcken, was afraid to risk a resolution of any kind in favor of their two stupidities. Not one of the party had the courage to move a vote of thanks to the chairman, so completely was the meeting against them. "Our" meeting requested the other candidates to attend; the chairman invited them to the platform, and then ignominiously vacated the chair so as to prevent them addressing the meeting. But this unfair and ungentlemanly conduct won't do. Their case must be a very bad one, indeed, when having invited discussion they peremptorily refuse to permit it. These kind of tactics are simply contemptible, and an insult to the intelligence of the electors, who by their votes can best show how they resent it.

ELECTOR.

Electric Lighting.

The importance of the investigation which has just taken place before a coroner's jury at Philadelphia into the various dangers run in connection with electric light cannot be overrated, and the results ought to be known by all. It has been demonstrated by a series of experiments that electric lighting may become highly dangerous when false economy, dishonesty or negligence produces abnormal conditions in the transportation of the current, and that as conditions will take place unless the supervision is close and constant.

For instance, it has been clearly shown that when the insulation of the conducting wire becomes detached and the wire is run on, or passes through woodwork, the latter will be ignited. The same thing happens if two wires are placed together with woodwork between them, and more especially if there is any moisture on the wood. Thus wires passing through sills or casings have been set on fire by rain—and a blaze so raised is rather intensified than extinguished by pouring on water, as the acidulated water strengthens the cross currents. Then, contrary to the common belief, it has been further proved that if an electric lamp is broken in an atmosphere containing illuminating gas an explosion will ensue. Indeed there is often great danger of fire being communicated by the enclosed electric lamp globes; for on a cotton handkerchief being wrapped round one it soon burst into a flame.

But perhaps the source of the greatest dangers is the carelessness of the workmen who fit up electric wires, and who occasionally do not adjust the safety plugs to the size of the wire—such as using a ten light plug for a three light wire. When a large current is crowded on a small wire the wire soon becomes red hot and fused, the cover being also ignited and burned off.

These verified results should satify all having to do with electric lighting that they should deal only with conscientious companies who not only employ trustworthy and efficient workmen, but who will not through cupidity execute a flimsy and unreliable job. In fact even then electric lighting requires great care and constant watchfulness. And it would further appear clearly established that there is a great risk in having both electricity and gas in the same premises.

ROYAL

BAKING

POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall Street, New York.

3 POINTERS.

Which will show experienced Judges of Value where Bargains are to be had:

1st. All Wool Grey Flannel, 25c per Yard.

2nd. Women's Merino Hosiery, 12½c per pair.

3rd. Wool Goods, in all styles, at Cost.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, Yates St
JOHN PARTRIDGE, Proprietor.

ORGANS.

We have a few Organs left, which we will sell cheap to clear them out.
R. E. McElhinney Co.

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos sent us on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.
British Columbia Stationery Co.
Next door to Post Office.

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL,

"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, Fort Hope. Terms—$5, cash.

The Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar

"CONQUEROR"

is also offered for service. Terms—$1, cash paid to hand.
J. S. SHOPLAND.

The unprecedented sale of Boschee's German Syrup within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are cured in from one to three simple applications made at home. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp, by A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King street West, Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Standard.* *

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of lands, situate at Wellbore Channel, near Thurlow and Hardwicke Islands, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing from post near beach, about half mile north of Darcy Point. Thence running north eighty (80) chains. Thence east eighty (80) chains. Thence south eighty (80) chains. Thence west eighty (80) chains to place of commencement.

T. D. JONES.

Nanaimo, Feb. 12, 1887. Feb15-law4w

A Series of Lectures

ON EMINENT AUTHORS

Will be given in the CATHEDRAL SCHOOL on alternate TUESDAY EVENINGS. Admission, 25 cents. The first Lecture will be on

TUESDAY NEXT, FEB. 22, at 8 p.m.,

ON "LONGFELLOW,"

BY ARCHDEACON SCRIVEN.

feb17,2i

SALMON, SALMON

FINE RED SALMON,

IN KITS, 80 lbs to the kit, no heads, $4 per kit. Whole barrels Salmon, 200 lbs. to barrel, $7.50 per bbl. Salmon Bellies, in kits, 80 lbs. to the kit, $4.25 per kit. Small Codfishes, a lot per pound.

Feb17 1m GEO. VIENNA.

Liberal Association.

A MEETING OF THE LIBERAL ASSOCIATION will be held in the Committee Rooms, Broad street,

ON FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 18,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK,

For the purpose of forming Sub-Committees and other work connected with the present Electoral Campaign.

A. N. RICHARDS,
President V. L. A.
ERNEST V. BODWELL, Secretary. feb11

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

Electoral District of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN, FELLOW CITIZENS:

Having accepted the nomination of the Liberal Association of Victoria, I would respectfully solicit your suffrages, which, if granted, I shall regard as a delegated and sacred trust to be used in the best interests of the province.

I append below the platform I would as a consistent and advanced Liberal, advocate in the labor and general interests of this country.

I am, Gentlemen,
Faithfully yours,
ARTHUR EDW'D McCALLUM.

To guard the interests of the public, to whom all rights in the public do main rightly belong, in order to prevent the national lands and natural wealth of the province being monopolized and given away to individual men free of royalties, rents, taxes or due contribution to the public revenue.

To so modify the existing Dominion land act as to give every facility to working men and their families, creating homes and homesteads for themselves, while leaving them at liberty during the rest to enter the labor market to earn the wages that will enable a man to fall back upon, and improve his holding in slack times.

To guard all provincial rights against encroachments by the Dominion—remembering that in recent attempts to concentrate all power at Ottawa, at the expense of the provinces, the privy council of England has pointed out clearly that as the Dominion did not create the rights of the province, so neither can the Dominion parliament take those rights away.

To advocate the absolute right of the province to receive back an equitable apportionment of public money for public works, commensurate with the amount of customs revenue collected upon imports. Such public works to include harbor improvements, telegraphic communication with Cape Beale; better mail facilities to the west coast &c.

To admit duty free all raw material, not the natural product of the country, intended for manufacturing purposes.

That there should be a readjustment of fiscal tariffs on the primary necessaries of life, which now bear unfairly upon the poorer class of the community and relatively lightly upon the luxuries of the rich, and that tariff should be modified so far as the lavish expenditure and incurred debt of the present administration, we are burdened with, will permit.

That a progressive income tax would enable the legislature to offset these fiscal revisions whilst obliging existing monopolies, duly and equitably to contribute to the expenses of the country in proportion to their profit.

That a commission should consider the question of a revival if possible of a limited reciprocity treaty with the United States on such terms as might not be inimical to the national interests of Canada.

That the senate of Canada, superior under the appointments of the present administration to have practically ceased to be a representative body under our responsible form of government and that its representation under an elective system is desirable if not imperative.

That no minister of the crown, or member of parliament should during office, accept directly, or indirectly, payment in land grants, timber limits, coal lands, railway subsidies or concessions it may be deemed excellent by parliament to grant to companies. Corporate bodies or individuals, in developing the resources of the country.

That every effort should be made in the house as well as public bodies, to the practicing of extravagant economy, in the expenditure of the public money, if there is any, which we trust will be made, so that there will be no need for public debt, trebled during the term of office of the present government.

REMOVAL.

Messrs. A. GREGG & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

Have Removed to the premises lately occupied by the Queen's Hotel, YATES STREET, where they hope to see all their old friends and Customers.

A New Stock of Imported Woollens

Just opened. An Inspection of our Stock is solicited.
☞ Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Terms Cash.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.

feb11

Great Annual Discount Sale

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE

City Boot & Shoe Store

AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.

☞ Now is your time. $29,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be sold off to make room for Spring goods.

G. H. MAYNARD, - - Fort Street.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. FELL, HUMPHREYS & ROBERTSON will canvass Public Meetings throughout the electoral districts at an early day. In consequence of the discourteous treatment received at the meeting last evening, they have concluded to attend no future gatherings called by Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare. feb17 1i

LOANS.

$7,000, OR ANY LESS SUM DOWN to $500, to lend on first class mortgage at current rates. Apply to

EDWIN JOHNSON, Barrister,
Victoria.

N. B.—To prevent mistakes, which have become frequent, copy the address accurately.

feb 17- D&W 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS

Will be held as follows:

Blue Ribbon Hall, Esquimalt, Thursday, Feb 17, 7.30 p.m.

School House, Cedar Hill, Friday, Feb. 18, 7.30 p.m.

Rowland's, Burnside Road, Saturday, Feb. 19, 7.30 p.m.

Person's Bridge, Monday Feb. 21, 7.30 p.m.

Peat's, Colwood, Tuesday, Feb. 22, 7.30 p.m.

When Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare will be pleased to meet the voters of the Electoral District for the Commons, to give an account of their stewardship, and to discuss the political issues of the day.

All candidates for the Commons are respectfully invited to be present.

BAKER AND SHAKESPEARE.

Thursday, Feb. 10th, 1887. feb11

VICTORIA

LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale. Business strictly confidential.

44 JOHNSON STREET,
Opposite Railway Hotel. P. O. Box 850.

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg

BUTTER,

For sale by

THOS. EARLE.
jan8

TO LET.

'The Fashion'

Livery and Sale Stables,

FORT STREET

To let. Apply at Market Exchange Saloon, next door. jan22

Lulu Island.

Farms of 40 acres each at $20 per acre.

TERMS $7.50 per acre, cash balance in instalments at 6 per cent.

See Fossil Hoax, about it. They have the transfer of property in a 2 ounce of the yearling.

RANG BROS, Victoria, B.C.

feb 14-2aW 1f

The Ladies of Saanich will hold a

SOCIAL DANCE

Agricultural Hall, South Saanich,

ON FRIDAY, FEB. 25,

For the benefit of a Widow with seven young children. Admission $1. A social invitation is extended to all. feb15 4i

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned, at Point of Shoaly, Esquimalt Harbor, until the 25th inst., for the completion of the Stone Work and the erection of one Mile of Iron Fence on Lelaine street. The usual Government conditions will be strictly adhered to. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Point of Shoaly.

E. H. FINLAYSON.

feb 16-2i

Durable,
Original,
Marvelous,
Excellent,
Simple,
Trusty,
Invincible.
Correct.

Satisfactory.
Everlasting.
Willing,
Improved,
Necessary.
Glorious.

Meritorious.
Appropriate,
Cheering,
Helpful,
Illustrious,
Needful,
Enchanting.

T. W. FLETCHER, Agt,

FORT STREET.

feb 11

NOTICE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE SUPREME Court of British Columbia, made in the matter of the estate of Henrietta F. Morgan, late of the city of Victoria, widow, deceased, and in an action "Clark v. Adams," the creditors of the said Henrietta F. Morgan, who filed or who shall on or before the 25th day of February, 1887, be entitled to the proceeds, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1887.

J. F. WALLIS,
Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

feb16 1m

WARNING!

Occupants of houses should secure their Windows and Doors against Cold Drafts by ordering

Bowman's Patent Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips

for Windows and Doors, which entirely exclude

COLD DRAFTS,

Saving half your Fuel and POST in Stoves, saving Carpets, Furniture and Paintings. AN ANNUAL SAVING OF MONEY. Whatever has been said in favor of the Weather Strips, from time to time, in the Victoria Times, is fully verified by the experience of those who have used them. Fuel, again, DECREASES THE COST OF LIVING. Also in the Patent Metallic Strips and Rubber Strips.

For sale by JOHN FLETCHER, P.O. Box 784, Victoria, and by all Hardware Dealers. Leaves may be seen at the Times office, where Samples, &c., may be seen.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH STEAMER

Every Saturday for San Francisco

Leaving the above wharf at five o'clock p.m.

Feb. 19, - - Mexico,

Shippers must notify on wharf when goods are to be forwarded.

For Freight apply at Office, 10 Wharf street.

WILLIS, GEORGE & CO.

Wharf Street, Victoria.

feb15

FRESH

Baltimore Oysters,

DIRECT EVERY TWO DAYS AT

R. Beauchamp's,

SALTS MEDAL.

Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.